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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTÒR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/511,792 ·	05/09/2005	Jean-Pierre Radenne	003D.0032.UI(US)	6292
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SHELTON, C	Γ 06484-6212		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2815	
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			07/18/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/511,792	RADENNE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Chris C. Chu	2815				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY	Y IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(	S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS.				
WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.11 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period value - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 Ju</u>	<u>ıly 2007</u> .					
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
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closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims	•	•				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 - 20 and 22 - 28</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>23 - 28</u> is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 - 20 and 22</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(d) or (f).				
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority document	, ,					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio	·	ed in this National Stage				
application from the International Burea		ad				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> </ol>	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7/5/07.	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:					

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Request for Continued Examination

1. A request for continued examination (RCE) under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on July 5, 2007 has been entered. An action on the RCE follows.

## Response to Amendment

2. Applicant's amendment filed on July 5, 2007 has been received and entered in the case.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1, 3-5, 7-11, 14-20 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hoppe et al. (U. S. Pat. No. 5,637,858).

Regarding claim 1, Hoppe et al. discloses in e.g., Fig. 3 an electronic microcircuit module tape (3; column 3, line 38 and see e.g., Fig. 8) including

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- a substrate (11 and 5; column 3, lines 58 and 59. Since applicant does not specifically claim that the substrate is only one single insulating layer, hence the elements 11 and 5 of Hoppe et al. read as a substrate which is formed by two layers.),
- at least one contact area (the area in the elements 5 that are connected to the wires 19; column 3, line 59 and see e.g., Fig. 3) on a first face of this substrate (see e.g., Fig. 3),
- a second face of this substrate (11 and 5) being capable of supporting an integrated circuit (17; column 3, lines 60 and 61) and being provided with cutouts exhibiting contact pad areas (the through holes for the wires 19 which are connected to the areas in the elements 5),
- wherein the tape (3; see e.g., Fig. 8) further includes (see e.g., Fig. 8 and column 6, line 32)
  - o a first adhesive means (22; column 3, line 67) to retain a first face of a mask (25; column 3, line 66) in position against the second face of the substrate (see e.g., Fig. 3), and
  - o wherein the mask (25) comprises a cutout forming a window (26; see e.g., Fig. 3 and column 4, line 1) adapted to "subsequently" receive the integrated circuit (17; column 3, line 65 column 4, line 4), and

Furthermore, the newly added limitation "wherein the mask comprises at least a portion configured to remain with the substrate for permanent connection of a portion of the substrate to another member with the mask" is intended use language which does not differentiate the claimed structure over Hoppe et al. Since the portion of the mask disclosed is capable of

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remaining with the substrate for permanent connection of a portion of the substrate to another member (i.e., element 7) with the mask, hence Hoppe et al. meets this limitation.

Regarding claim 3, Hoppe et al. discloses in e.g., Fig. 3 the mask (25) has a thickness, defined with regard to the second face of the substrate (11 and 5) on which it is mounted, greater than the height of the integrated circuit (17; see e.g., Fig. 3).

Regarding claim 4, Hoppe et al. discloses in e.g., Fig. 3 the first adhesive means (22) enables the integrated circuit to be retained on the substrate.

Regarding claim 5, Hoppe et al. discloses in e.g., Fig. 3 and Fig. 8 a method for conditioning an electronic microcircuit module (3), characterized in that it includes the following stages consisting of

- creating a contact area (the area in the elements 5 that are connected to the wires 19; column 3, line 59 and see e.g., Fig. 3) on a first face of a substrate tape (11 and 5),
- arranging a first adhesive means (22) between a second face of the substrate tape (11) and a first face of a mask tape (25), to keep the mask tape (25) in position against the second face (see e.g., Fig. 3 and Fig. 8),
- perforating (26) the mask tape (25) so that a mask window (26) is facing the contact area (see e.g., Fig. 3 and Fig. 8), and
- arranging a second adhesive means (29; column 4, lines 7 and 8) on the second face of the mask tape (25; see e.g., Fig. 3).

Regarding claim 7, Hoppe et al. discloses in e.g., Fig. 3 and Fig. 8 characterized in that the mask tape (25) has the form of a tape including several windows (26) which are laminated on a support including several contact area before separation into individual units (see e.g., Fig. 8).

Regarding claim 8, Hoppe et al. discloses in e.g., Fig. 3 and Fig. 8 characterized in that the stage consisting in retaining the mask tape (25) in position against the second face of the substrate tape (11 and 5) includes an operation consisting of: laminating the first adhesive (22) means on this second face of the substrate tape (11; see e.g., Fig. 3).

Regarding claim 9, Hoppe et al. discloses in e.g., Fig. 3 and Fig. 8 characterized in that the stage consisting in arranging the first adhesive (22) means on the mask tape (25) includes an operation consisting of depositing the adhesive means on the mask tape (column 6, lines 21 – 26), and then perforating this mask tape (25) before laminating it against the second face of the substrate tape (11; see e.g., Fig. 8).

Regarding claim 10, Hoppe et al. discloses in e.g., Fig. 3 and Fig. 8 characterized in that it includes a subsequent stage consisting in gluing an integrated circuit (17) to the second face of the substrate tape (11 and 5), on the first adhesive means (see e.g., Fig. 8).

Regarding claim 11, Hoppe et al. discloses in e.g., Fig. 3 and Fig. 8 characterized in that it includes a stage consisting of: gluing the mask tape (25) equipped with an electronic circuit to the bottom of a card recess (9; see e.g., Fig. 1 and Fig. 3).

Regarding claim 14, Hoppe et al. discloses in e.g., Fig. 3 and Fig. 8 separating the individual module (3) in the form of a parallelepiped (see e.g., Fig. 1 and Fig. 3).

Regarding claim 15, Hoppe et al. discloses in e.g., Fig. 3 a second adhesive (29) means dispensed on a second face of the mask (25; see e.g., Fig. 3).

Regarding claim 16, Hoppe et al. discloses in e.g., Fig. 3 an electronic microcircuit module tape (3; column 3, line 38 and see e.g., Fig. 8) comprising:

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- a substrate tape (11 and 5; column 3, lines 58 and 59) having a first face and an opposite second face (see e.g., Fig. 3),
- wherein the second face (the surface where the chips are attached) is adapted to support a plurality of integrated circuits (17) thereon (see e.g., Fig. 7a);
- a plurality of electrically conductive contact areas (the area in the elements 5 that are connected to the wires 19; column 3, line 59 and see e.g., Fig. 3) on the first face of the substrate tape (11 and 5); and
- a mask tape (25) having a first side attached to the second face of the substrate tape (11 and 5; see e.g., Fig. 3),
- wherein the mask tape (25) comprises cutouts forming windows (26) adapted to subsequently receive the integrated circuits when the integrated circuits are attached to the second face of the substrate tape (17; column 3, line 65 column 4, line 4).

Furthermore, the newly added limitation "wherein the windows are configured to allow insertion of the integrated circuits through the windows for subsequent mounting onto the second face of the substrate tape, and wherein the mask comprises at least a portion configured to remain with the substrate tape for permanent connection of a portion of the substrate tape to another member with the mask" is intended use language which does not differentiate the claimed structure over Hoppe et al. Since the portion of the mask disclosed is capable of allowing insertion of the integrated circuits through the windows and remaining with the substrate for permanent connection of a portion of the substrate to another member (i.e., element 7) with the mask, hence Hoppe et al. meets this limitation.

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Regarding claim 17, Hoppe et al. discloses in e.g., Fig. 3 the substrate tape (11 and 5) comprising cutouts (the openings for the wires 19) to allow access to the contact areas (the area in the elements 5) through the substrate tape (11 and 5) from the windows (26. Since the window 26 of Hoppe et al. is a two-step opening and the one of the step opening that receives the chip 17 is formed over the openings for the wires 19, hence the window 26 of Hoppe et al. fully anticipates this limitation.).

Regarding claim 18, Hoppe et al. discloses in e.g., Fig. 3 the substrate tape (11 and 5) comprising a first adhesive layer (22) to retain a first face of the mask film (25) in position against the second face of the substrate tape [film] (11 and 25; see e.g., Fig. 3).

Regarding claim 19, Hoppe et al. discloses in e.g., Fig. 3 a second adhesive layer (29) on a second opposite side of the mask tape (25; see e.g., Fig. 3).

Regarding claim 20, Hoppe et al. discloses in e.g., Fig. 3 the substrate tape (11 and 5) and the mask tape (25) being adapted to be cut into individual modules (3) after the integrated circuits (17) being attached to the second face of the substrate tape (see e.g., Fig. 3).

Regarding claim 22, Hoppe et al. discloses in e.g., Fig. 3 the mask tape (25) having a height greater than a height of the integrated circuit (17) intended to be mounted on the second face of the substrate tape (see e.g., Fig. 3).

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person

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having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claims 2 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hoppe et al. in view of Atsumi (U. S. Pat. No. 5,736,781).

Regarding claims 2 and 6, while Hoppe et al. discloses the use of the mask (25) and a card (1; column 3, line 41), Hoppe et al. does not disclose the material of the card to be identical to that of the mask's material (i.e., polyvinyl chloride; column 3, lines 1 – 6 of Hoppe et al.). Atsumi teaches in e.g., Fig. 2 a mask (12; column 3, lines 16 and 17) being made from a material (i.e., polyvinyl chloride) identical to that of a card (40; column 3, lines 61 and 62) provided receive a module (1; column 4, line 8). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time when the invention was made to apply the polyvinyl chloride of Atsumi as the specific material to form the card of Hoppe et al. as taught by Atsumi to provide similar rigidity as the card body (column 3, lines 16 and 17).

7. Claims 12 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hoppe et al. in view of Leydier et al. (U. S. Pat. No. 6,217,685).

Regarding claims 12 and 13, while Hoppe et al. discloses the use of the gluing the mask tape into the recess of the card, Hoppe et al. does not disclose the specific material (claim 12) and process (claim 13) of the glue. Leydier et al. teaches in e.g., Fig. 1 depositing cyanoacrylate glue (14; column 3, lines 8 and 9) between a mask (131; column 2, lines 60 and 61) and the bottom of a recess (12; column 2, line 57), and soldering by emission of ultrasound waves (column 3, lines 17 – 21). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time when the invention was made to apply the cyanoacrylate glue and the ultrasound waves of

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Leydier et al. as the specific material and process to glue the mask tape to the recess of a card of Hoppe et al. as taught by Leydier et al. to increase production capacity by reducing the pressing time (column 3, lines 22-29).

## Allowable Subject Matter

- 8. Claims 23 28 are allowed.
- 9. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

The prior art of record does not teach or suggest, either singularly or in combination, at least a step of a mask tape comprising a window open to second face of a substrate tape, wherein the window is sized and shaped to allow an integrated circuit to be inserted through the window and be subsequently mounted to the second face of the substrate tape after the mask tape has been attached to the substrate tape. Hoppe et al. disclose a step of the mask tape comprising a window open to second face of a substrate tape. However, Hoppe et al. does not disclose a step of the window being sized and shaped to allow an integrated circuit to be inserted through the window and be subsequently mounted to the second face of the substrate tape after the mask tape has been attached to the substrate tape as set forth in claim 23.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

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# Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments filed on July 5, 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

On page 9, applicant argues "[T]here is no disclosure or suggestion in Hoppe et al. that "26" is configured to allow insertion of the integrated circuit (17) through the window (26) for subsequent mounting onto the second face (S2) of the substrate tape (11, 5)." This argument is not persuasive. First, the newly added limitation "wherein the windows are configured to allow insertion of the integrated circuits through the windows for subsequent mounting onto the second face of the substrate tape, and wherein the mask comprises at least a portion configured to remain with the substrate tape for permanent connection of a portion of the substrate tape to another member with the mask" is intended use language which does not differentiate the claimed structure over Hoppe et al. Since the portion of the mask disclosed is capable of allowing insertion of the integrated circuits through the windows (by inserting the chip 17 thru the wide opening section of the window 26) and remaining with the substrate for permanent connection of a portion of the substrate to another member (i.e., element 7) with the mask, hence Hoppe et al. meets this limitation.

For the above reasons, the rejection is maintained.

#### Conclusion

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chris C. Chu whose telephone number is 571-272-1724. The examiner can normally be reached on 11:30 - 8:00.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kenneth Parker can be reached on 571-272-2298. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Chris C. Chu Examiner

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c.c. Monday, July 16, 2007